

Cyber@adAPT

Commsday Summit

30 April 2024

MASER



Status of Cyber Threats & Attacks in Australia (2022 – 2023)

- 94,000 cybercrime reports (up 23%)
 - Report every 6 minutes
- Average cost of cybercrime per report \$46,000 - \$71,600
- Australian Competition and Consumer Commission's Targeting Scams report revealed Australians lost over \$3 billion to scams in 2022
 - Up 80% from 2021
- Top 3 cybercrimes:



- identity fraud
- online banking fraud
- online shopping fraud



- email compromise
- business email compromise (BEC) fraud
- online banking fraud

Cybercrime is real, a major threat and must be addressed for both individuals and businesses

Source: Annual Cyber Threat Report 2022–23 developed by the Australian Signals Directorate (ASD)

Typical Elements of Cyber Security

End Point Protection



- Protects a specific end point from certain cyber threats
- Requires client to be installed and maintained
- Cannot be deployed on many types of end points

Firewalls



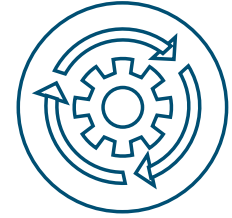
- Peripheral defense against certain inbound cyber threats
- Often remain in default configuration with non-dynamic features
- Smarter capabilities are cost prohibitive

Network Based Protection



- Analysis of inbound, outbound and internal network traffic for cyber threats
- End point independent
- Deep packet Inspection (DPI) looks at 100% of traffic
- Cost prohibitive for SMB and consumers?

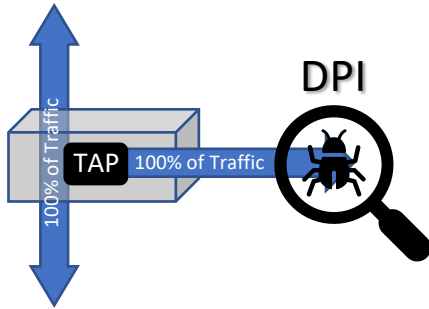
Network Based Cyber Security Typically Uses DPI



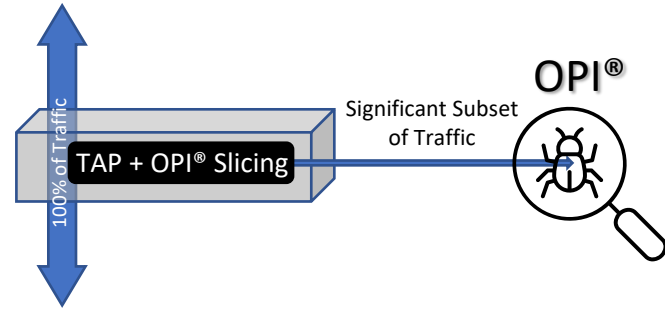
- There are many advantages to DPI:
 - Analyzes all traffic regardless of origination/destination
 - Identifies threats that other cyber security elements cannot
 - Provides an extensive view of the health of the network over time
 - Does not require any end point client to be deployed so traffic from all devices is protected
 - Can interwork with other cyber security elements significantly improving cyber security posture
- But:
 - Very resource intensive in high bandwidth networks
 - It is extremely cost prohibitive for SMBs
 - Impossible to deploy economically in consumer environments
- How can network based detection be deployed more ubiquitously to provide better cyber security for all network environments?

A DPI Alternative – Optimized Packet Inspection

- OPI[®] Threat Detection gives us the ability to intelligently determine what traffic to examine based on internal and external factors.



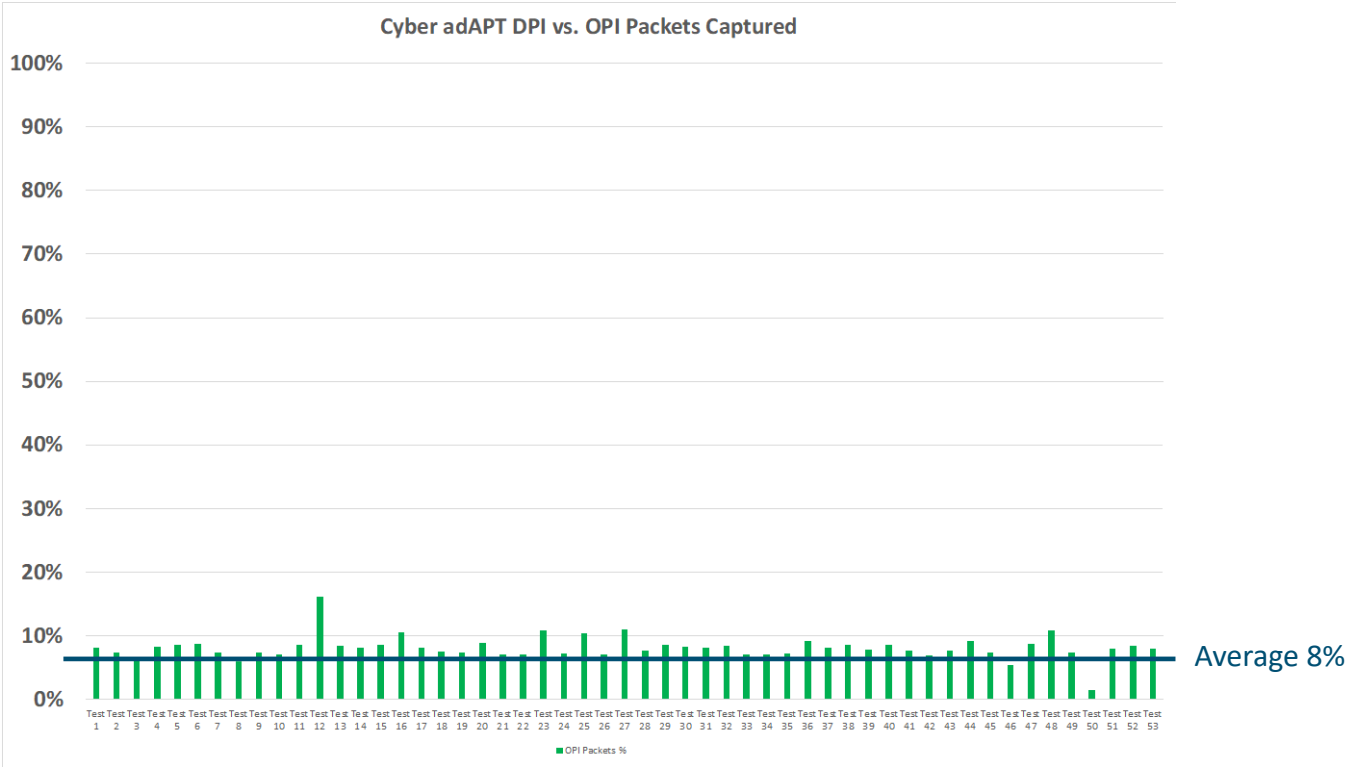
- 100% of traffic is duplicated and processed by a DPI detection engine
- x Gb/s of traffic requires x Gb/s of detection processing



- Only a subset of traffic is duplicated and processed by the OPI[®] detection engine
- x Gb/s of traffic requires << x Gb/s of detection processing

~ 85% - 90% fidelity when using OPI[®] threat detection vs. full DPI

Resource Optimization with OPI[®]



OPI[®] required on average only 8% of the traffic analysis vs. full DPI

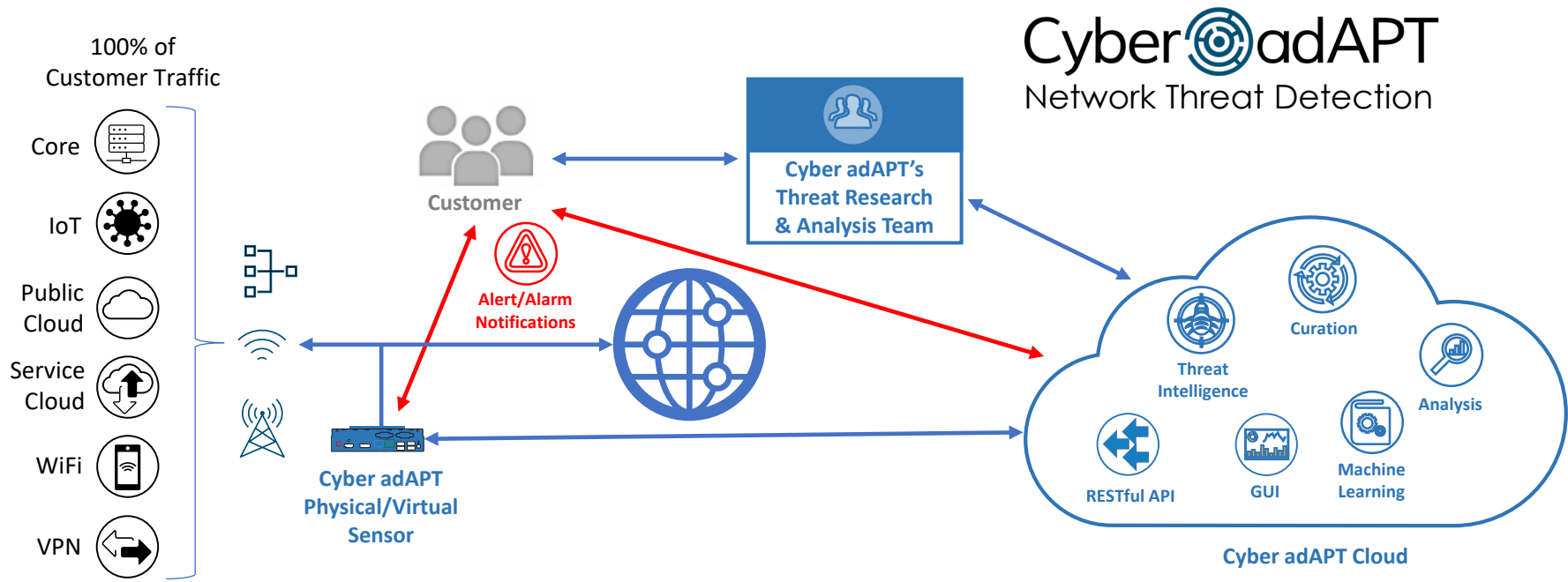
Summary

- OPI[®] allows network based cyber threat detection to be expanded to networks where full DPI is cost prohibitive
- Can be deployed in distributed or centralized fashion
- Capable of supporting SMB, fixed residential broadband and mobile environments
- Can significantly improve the overall cyber security posture in Australia and beyond
- We would enjoy talking more about this exciting technology and its applicability, come visit us at the Maser coffee cart in the hallway outside.

Thank You

Cyber adAPT Core Value Proposition

- Cyber adAPT (CA) residential network threat detection provides network-based cybersecurity protection to both fixed and mobile residential broadband users
- Proprietary, purpose built to address cyber threats targeting residential users
- Capable of being deployed in a variety of configurations including centrally
 - **Centralized deployment Ideal for large enterprises and ISP/RSPs and large telco's**
- Integrated with various Network Packet Brokers and Engines.
 - Can also be integrated with IPU/GPU based Smart NICs
- Built on 3 Core areas:
 1. Unique Threat Intelligence
 2. Proprietary Detection Engine
 3. Proprietary, patent pending Optimized Packet Inspection (OPI®) Technology



Cyber adAPT Next Generation NTD Enhances Cybersecurity Posture



Untapped Potential: Monetising Connectivity in the Age of AI

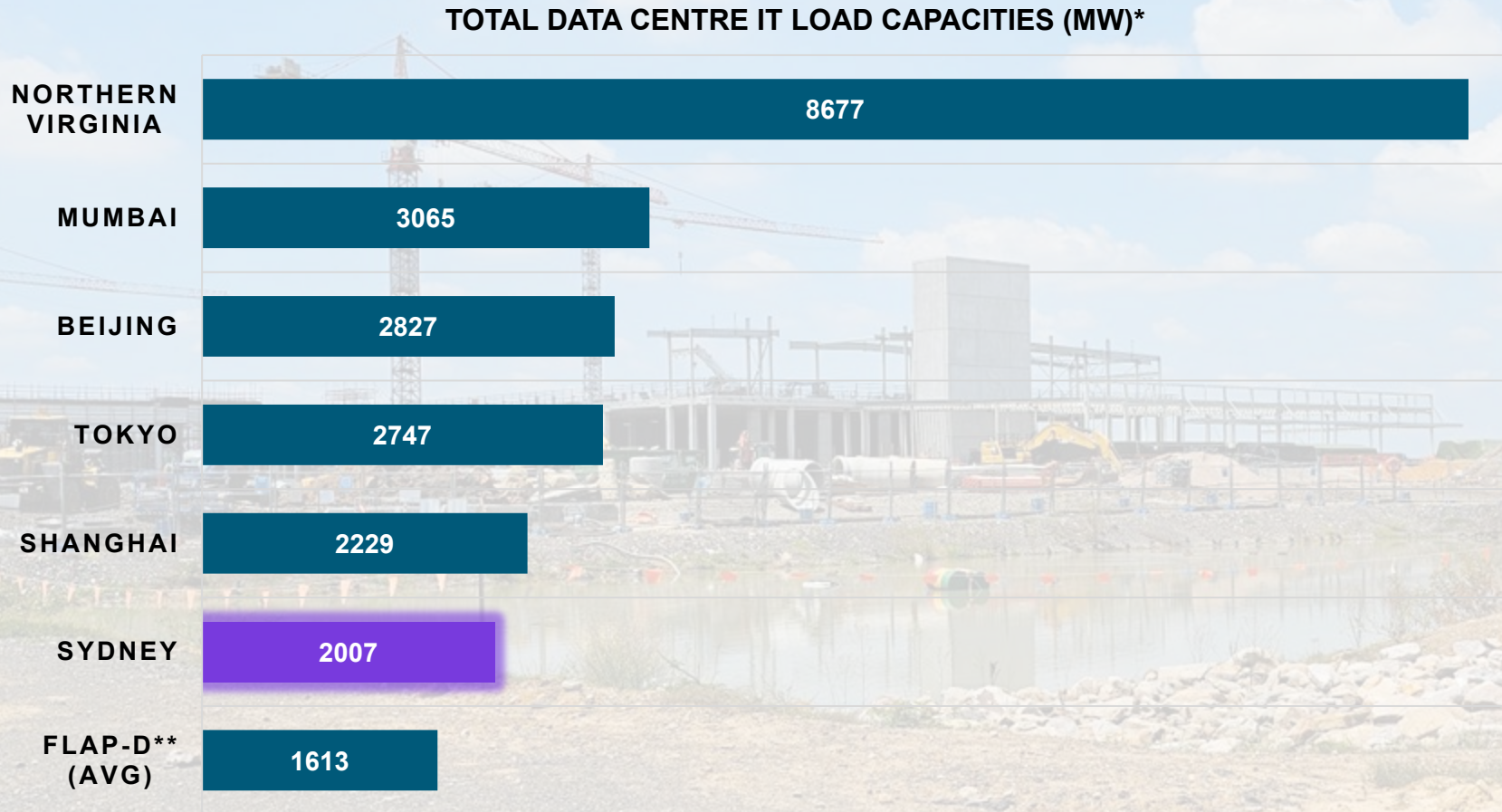
Pradap Rajagopal

Global Solutions Leader, Ciena

30 April 2024

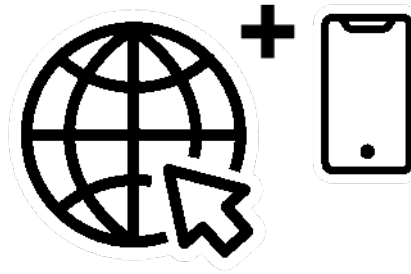


Key Global Data Centre regions



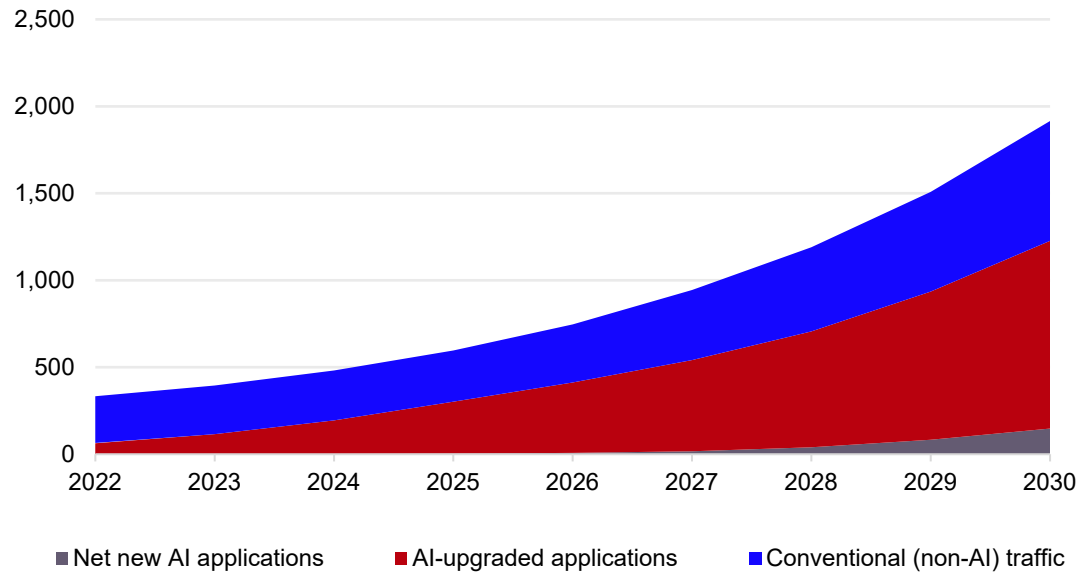
Australia's DC growth enables new network opportunities

Why do we build networks?



Impact of AI on Network Traffic

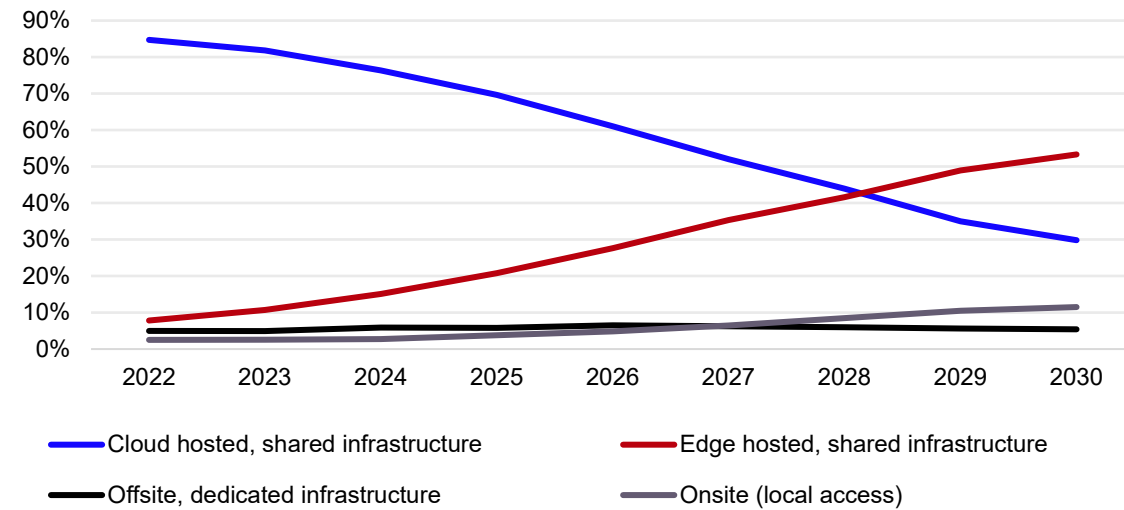
Projected global network traffic growth, 2022–30 (Exabytes / Month)



Source: Omdia

© 2023 Omdia

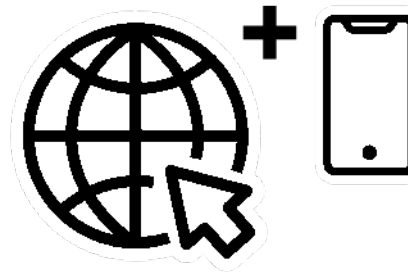
Projected net new AI traffic by destination, 2022–30 percent distribution



Source: Omdia

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Where are networks today?*



Network modernisation required to monetise cloud and AI demand

Considerations for network architecture impact of AI



Bandwidth



Latency



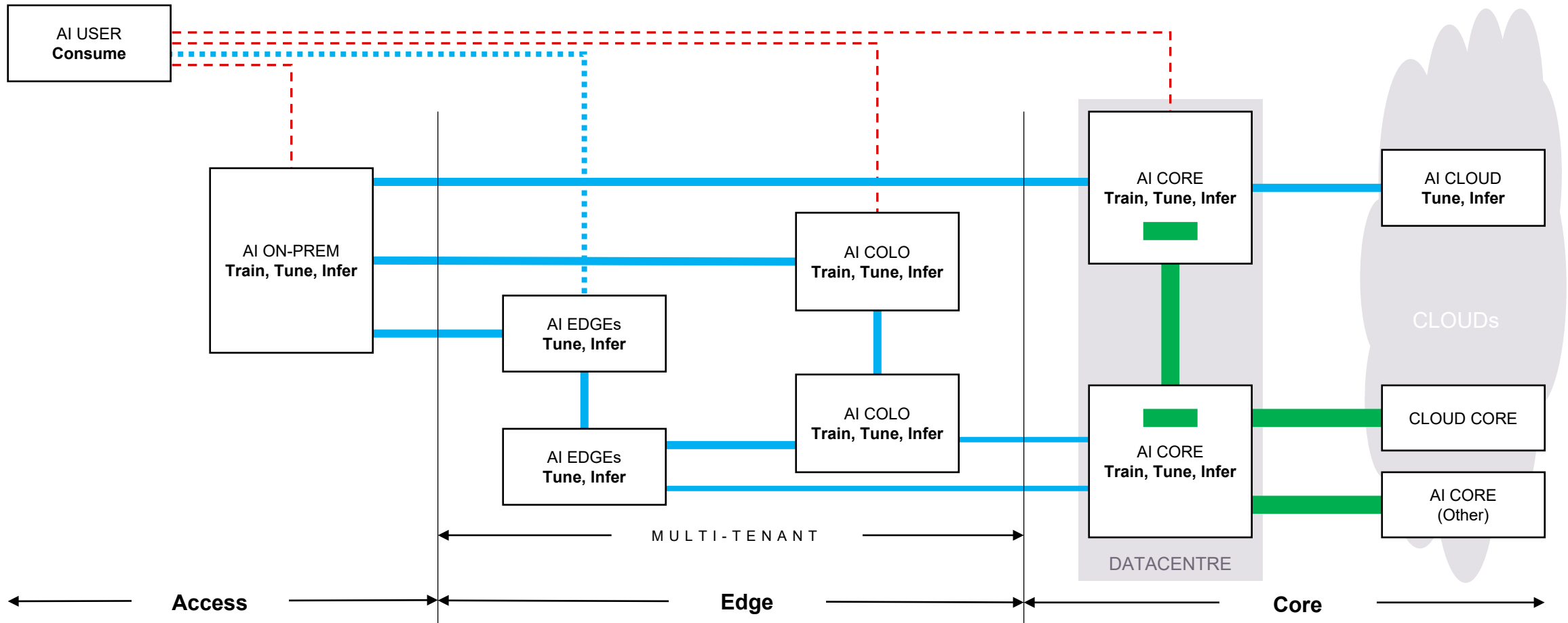
Power (and space) – location?



Shifting traffic patterns

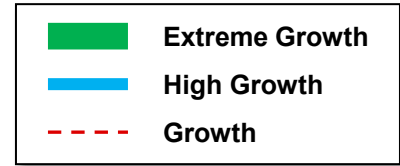
genAI journey through the network and impact

Hyperscaler view



genAI journey through the network and impact

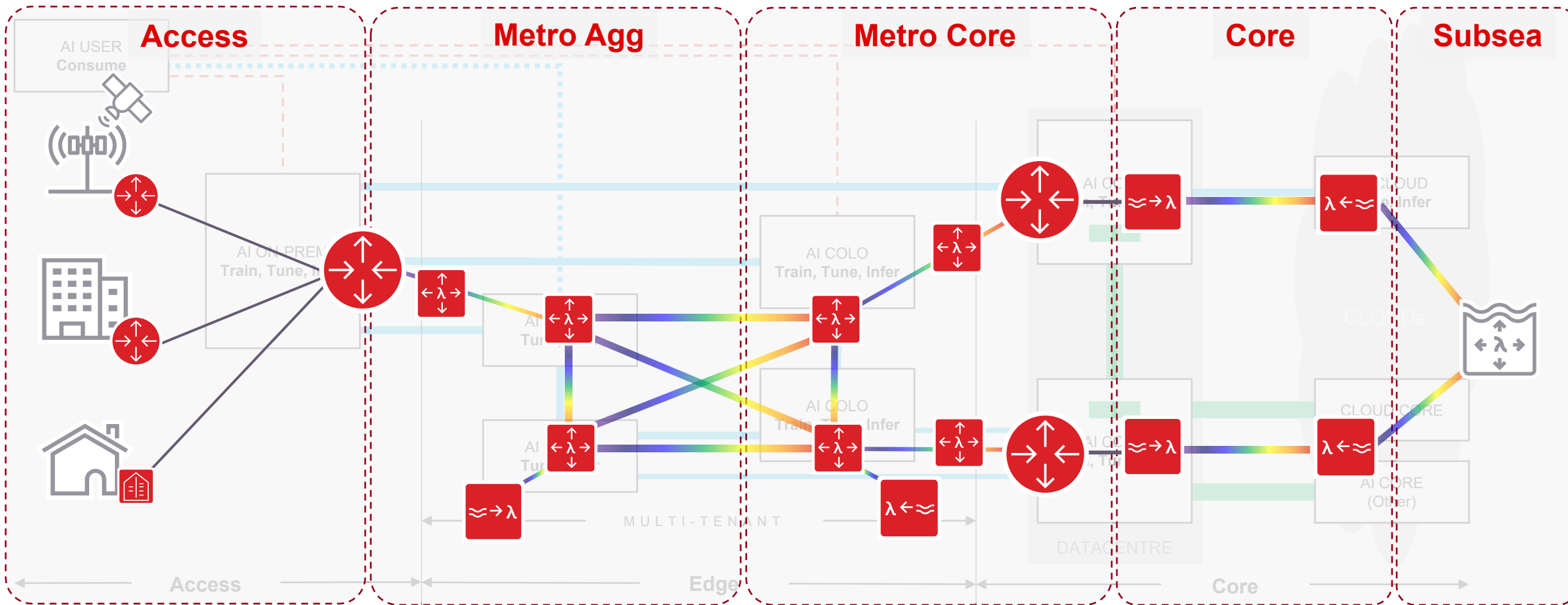
Service Provider view



High speed "Cloud on-ramp"

East-West traffic across edge locations for inference

Massive datasets drives significant growth in bandwidth



Call to Action

- Australia in a unique position to capitalise on data centre investment and boom in demand of AI
- **Challenge** – Compute AND network architectures require significant transformation due to evolution of deep learning and inference
- **Opportunity** – for Service Providers to leverage assets:
 - Higher capacity
 - New geographies
 - Flexible inter-site connectivity
- Modern, cloud-first networks required to capitalise on AI growth

**Network connectivity is critical in the era of AI powered transformation;
monetise your assets!**

ciena®

Thank You



Breaking the Bandwidth Barrier:

How to Get 25%+ More Capacity Out of Your Optical Fibre

Walid Wakim , Chief Technology Officer

May 2, 2024

COMMSDAY
SUMMIT
SYDNEY 2024



End-User Drivers: A Minute on the Internet in 2023

THIS OR NEXT

INTERNET IN A MINUTE



328 Exabytes

Of New Data Created Every Day
(82 Billion HD Movies)

>500 Million

HD Movies Streamed Every Day

*Source: Finances Online

CLOUD COMPUTING



85%

ENTERPRISE
WORKLOADS IN
THE CLOUD

>11K

DATACENTERS
WORLDWIDE

>700

HYPERSCALE
DATACENTERS

\$600B

2023 CLOUD SPENDING
(18% YoY Growth)

*Synergy Research Group, Statista, Gartner Research

Trends in Telecommunications



RELENTLESS CAPACITY GROWTH

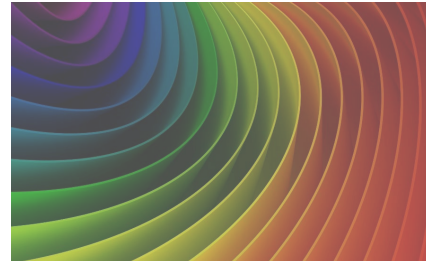
28EB → **93EB**

2023 2027

TOTAL OPTICAL BANDWIDTH

20% **>50%**

PROVIDER BANDWIDTH CAGR CONTENT BANDWIDTH CAGR



RISE OF COHERENT OPTICAL ENGINES

10%

GROWTH IN COHERENT MARKET

80%

OF MARKET BASED ON COHERENT BY '27



OPEN ACCELERATION

50%

XPONDERS OVER 3RD PARTY LINE SYSTEMS

\$2B

PLUGGABLES OUTSIDE OF OPTICAL BY '27



EVOLVING SERVICE MODELS

400G

TRANSPORT SERVICE OFFERING

MOFN

MANAGED OPTICAL FIBER NETWORK



AUTOMATION AI / ML

10x

BANDWIDTH GROWTH '23 - '27

>35%

GROWTH IN AI PROCESSORS '23 - '27

Increase Capacity, What can we do?

Increase Spectral Efficiency?

- How much more can we truly gain?

Change network architectures?

- Shorten distances?
- Improve fill rates?
- Improve line systems performance?

Wideband DWDM, New Fibres?

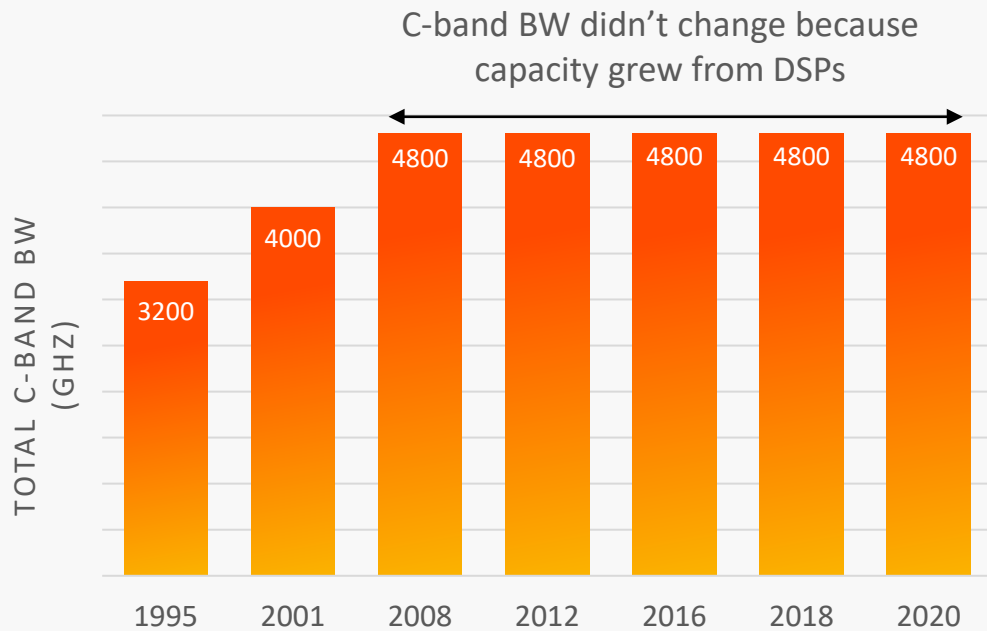
- New bands?
- New fibers?
- Extend existing bands?



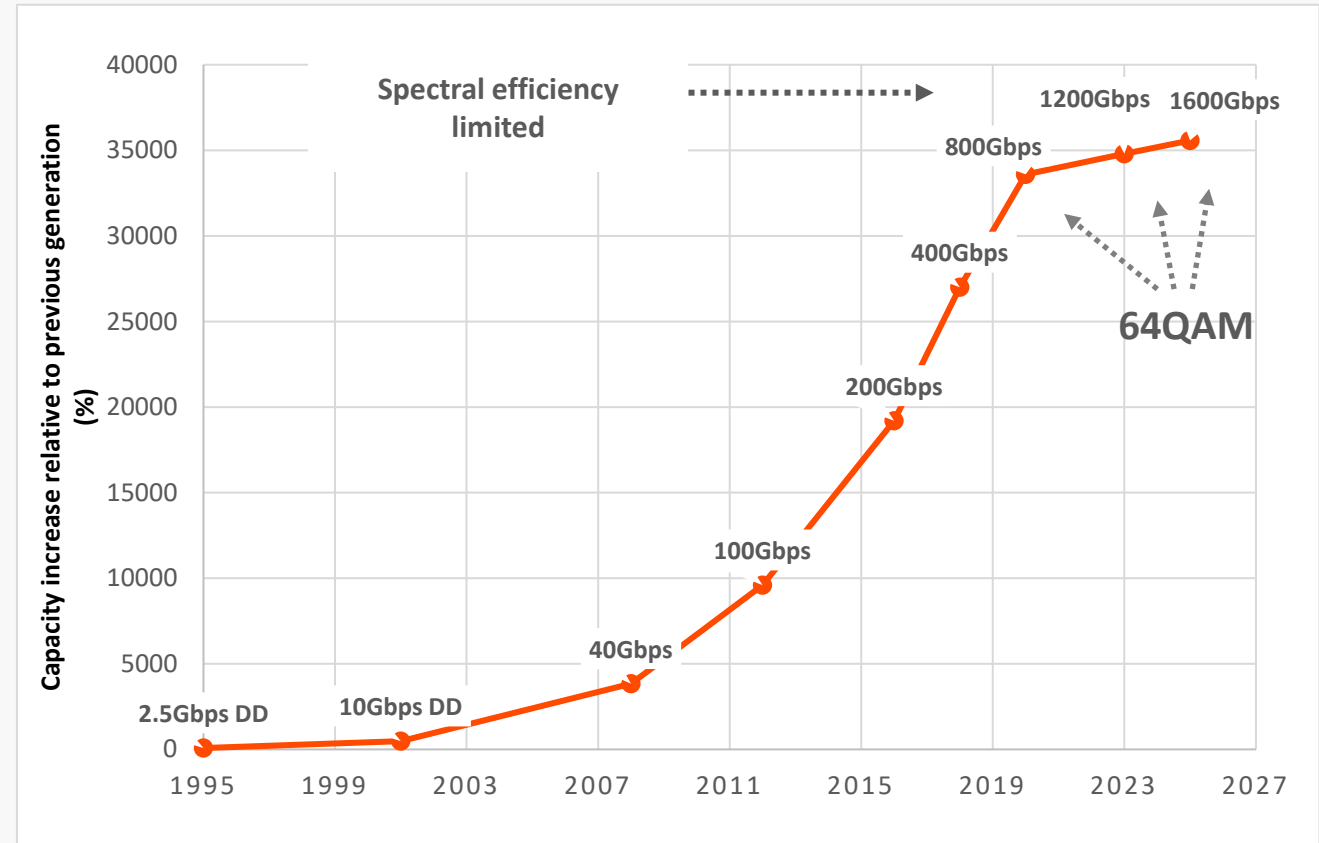
Increase Spectral Efficiency?

Spectrum 'expanded' twice – from 3.2 to 4.8Tz in the 2000s

2008, Coherent Introduction drives Spectral Efficiency, capping C-Band growth



Last 3 Gen of QAM64 spectral efficiency improvements slowed / capped



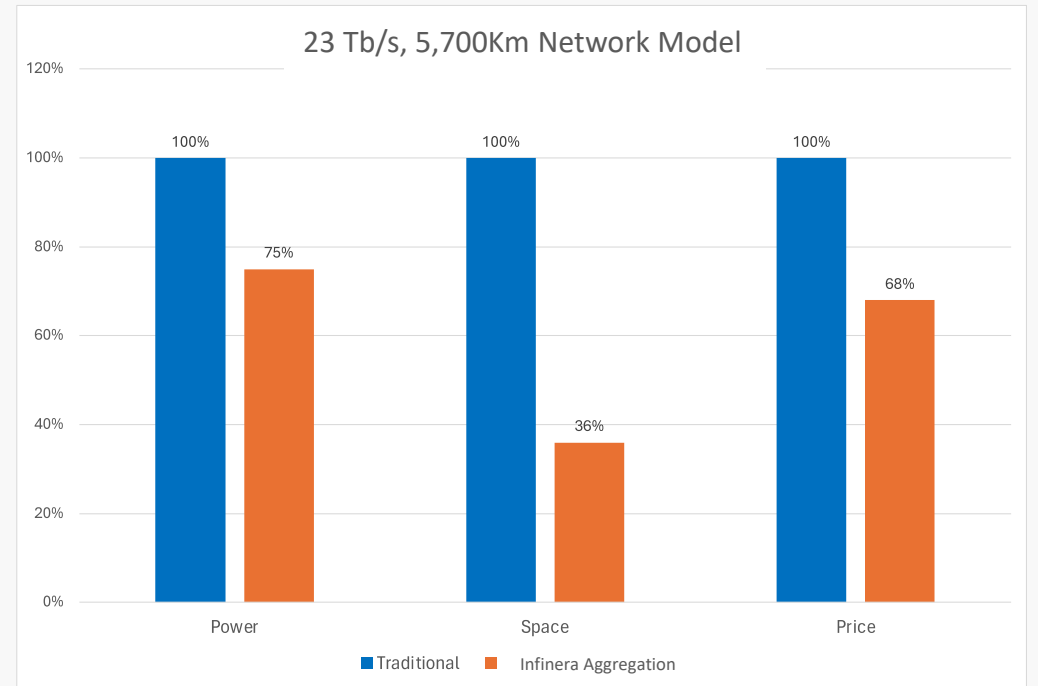
Approaching Shannon's Limit, Minimal Gain

Change Network Architectures

Shorten Distance Between Sites, Intermediate Routing

Improve Line System Performance

More Efficient Aggregation Techniques



25% Power Savings

64% Space Savings

32% Price Savings

Advanced Multi Layer Modelling Tools

Wide Band DWDM? New Fibres?

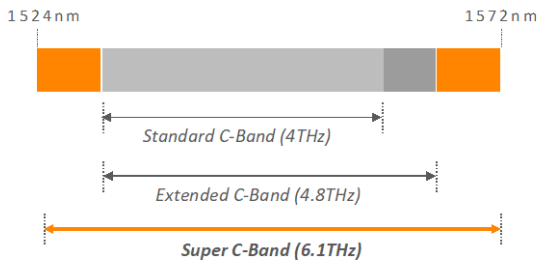
Super C and Super L → >25% More Capacity

New Fibre Technologies - Hollow-Core? Multi-Core? Wide Band DWDM?

Technology Available Today → Negligible Cost Delta

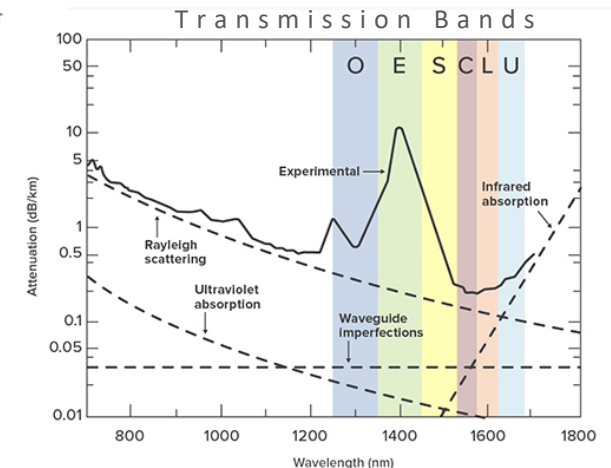
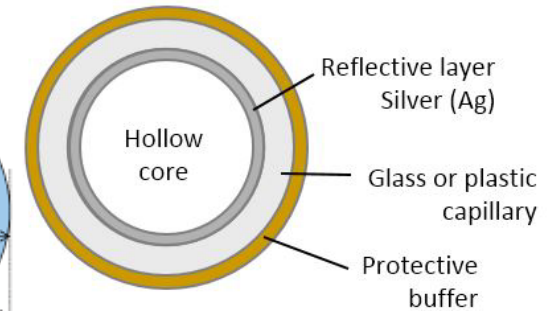
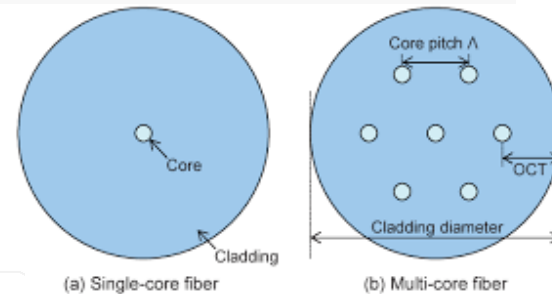
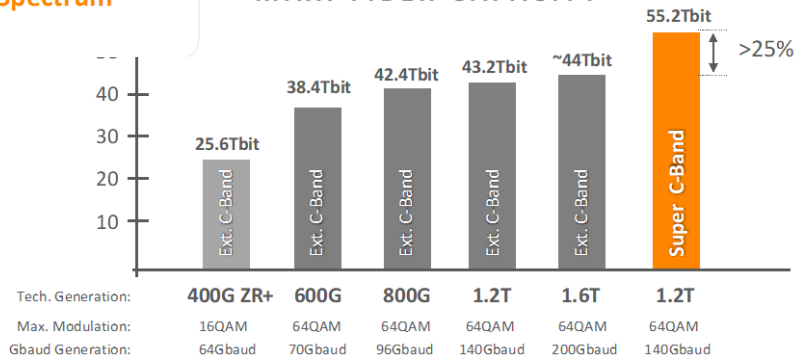
Time to Adoption Slow → New Technology Introduction

FIBER SPECTRUM (C-BAND)



27% Increase in Usable Spectrum

MAX. FIBER CAPACITY



Summary

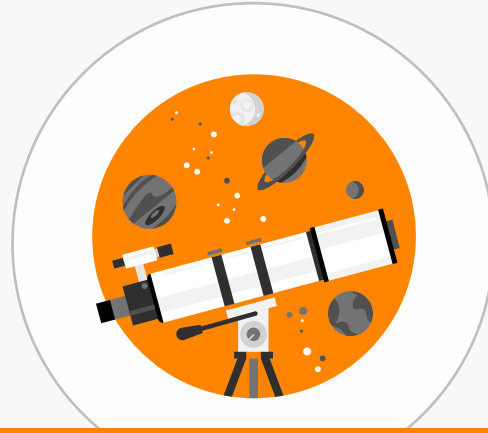


ARCHITECTURE

Shorten Links

Aggregation Efficiency

OLS Performance

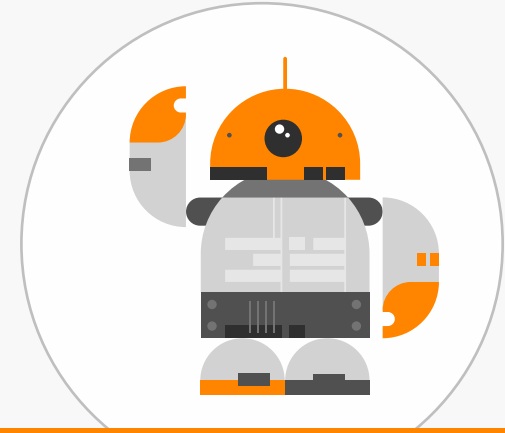


SCALE

Spectral Efficiency

Expand into Super C+L

More Parallelism



EVOLVE

Hollow Core

Multi-Core

Additional Bands



Thank You



Empowering Telco Open Innovation

The Red Hat Odyssey

Andrew McGee
Senior Director
Telco Center of Excellence





9 OUT OF 10

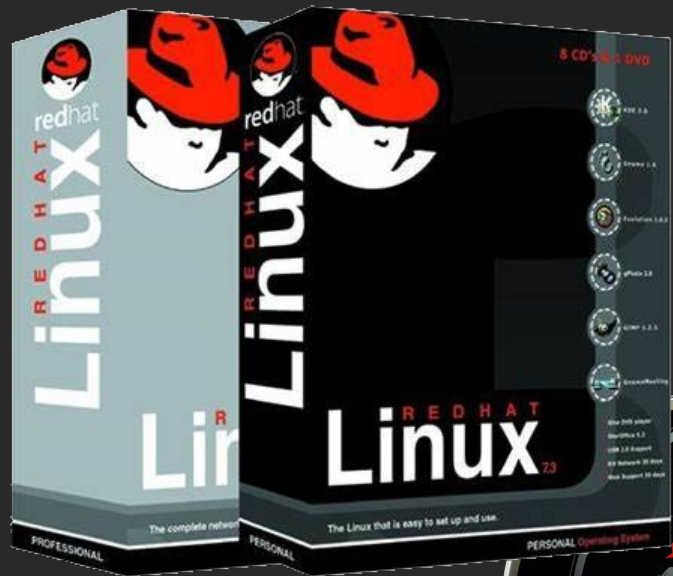
COMPANIES USE OPEN SOURCE

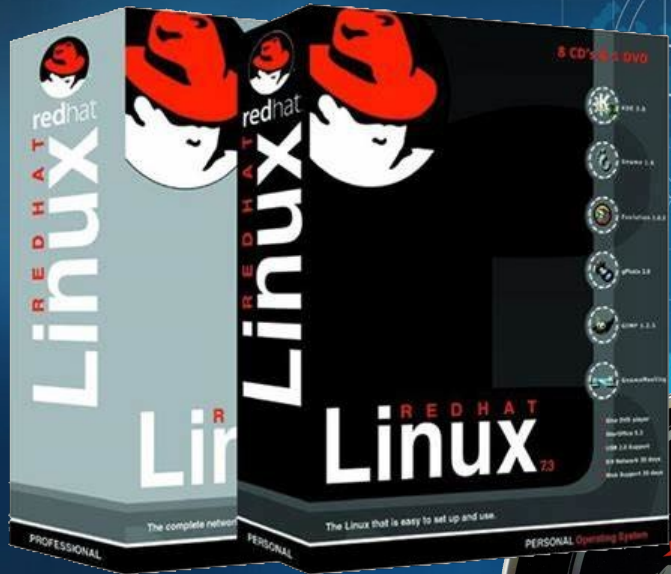


Built on



Red Hat





1993



1999



2019



Red Hat



“At first they ignore you.
Then they laugh at you.
Then they fight you.
And then you win.”



60% of cat memes

Dot Com Crash

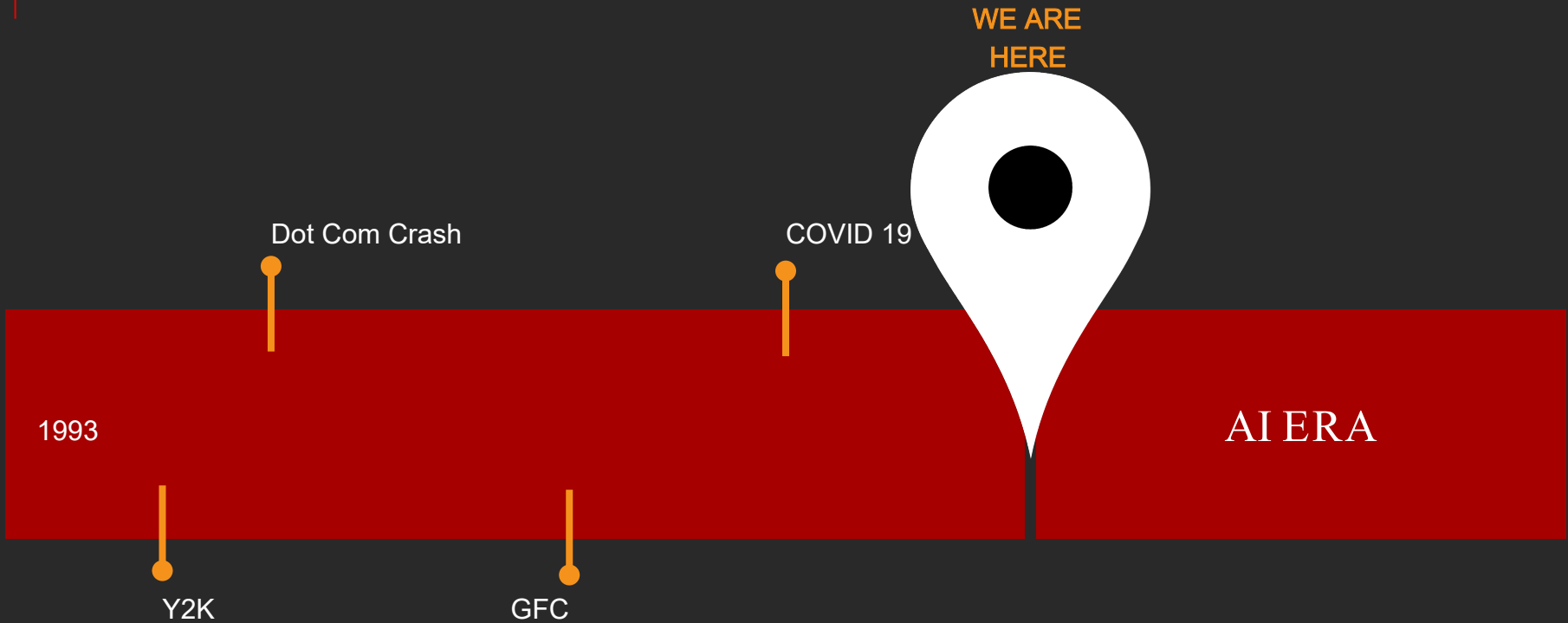
COVID 19

1993

Y2K

GFC

AI ERA



ENTERPRISE ERA



Corp IT
became
"open"

CLOUD ERA



Private
cloud



Public cloud
Hybrid cloud

AI ERA



AI



Governments
became
"open"

EDGE ERA



Telcos
became
"open"



5G
became
"open"

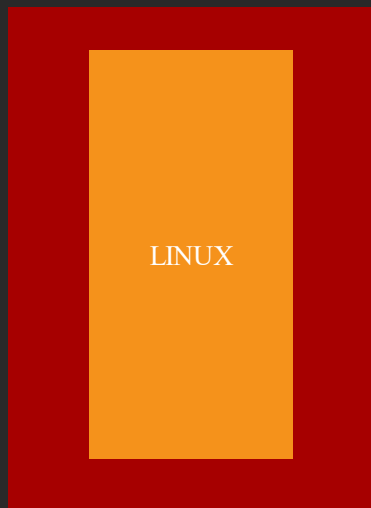


Manufacturing
became
"open"

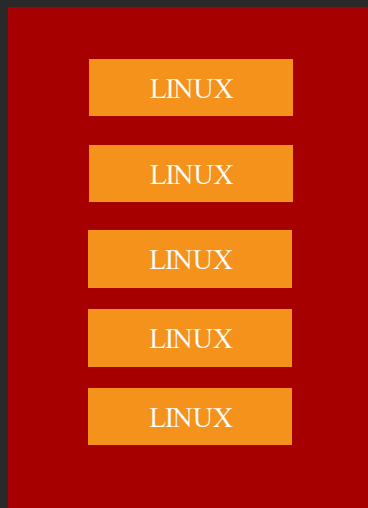


Automotive
became
"open"

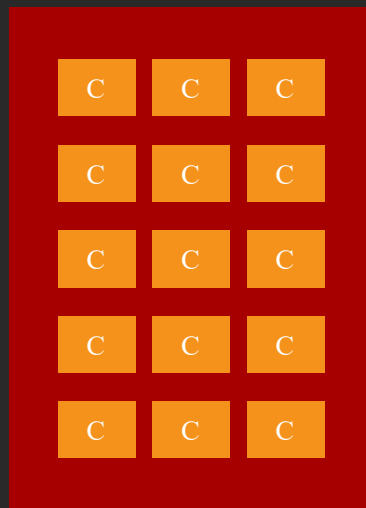
The Future Is Open Platforms



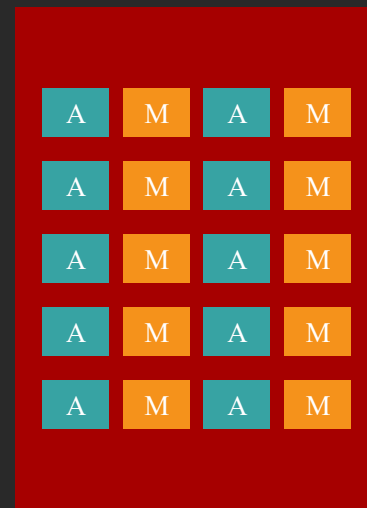
LINUX



VMs



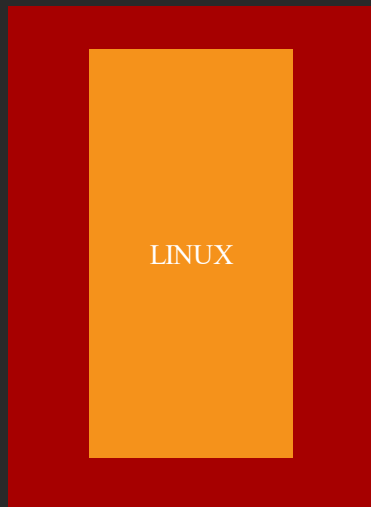
CONTAINERS



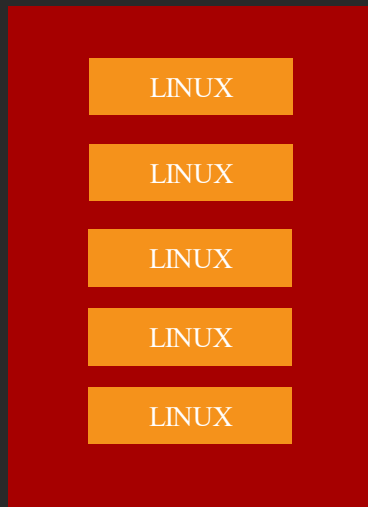
AI MODELS

The Future Is Open Platforms

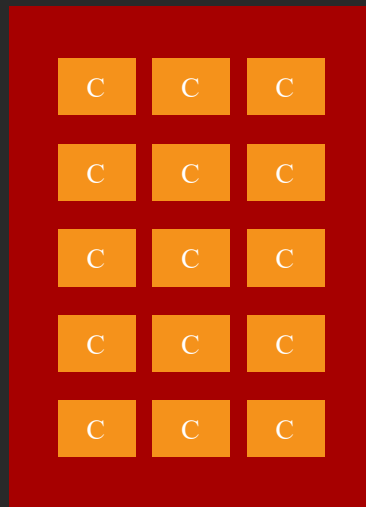
 **Red Hat**
Enterprise
Linux



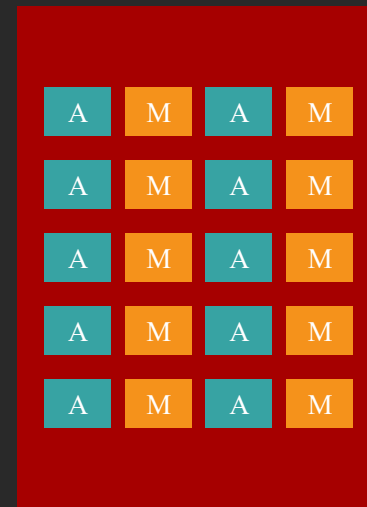
 **Red Hat**
OpenStack
Platform



 **Red Hat**
OpenShift



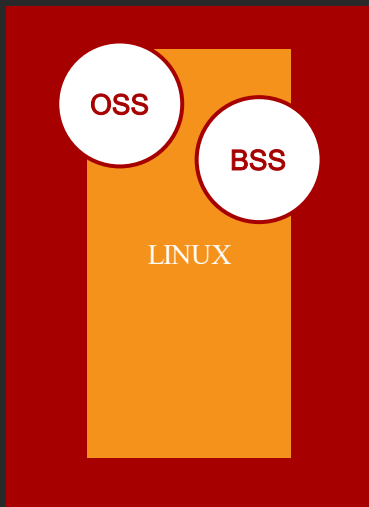
 **Red Hat**
OpenShift AI




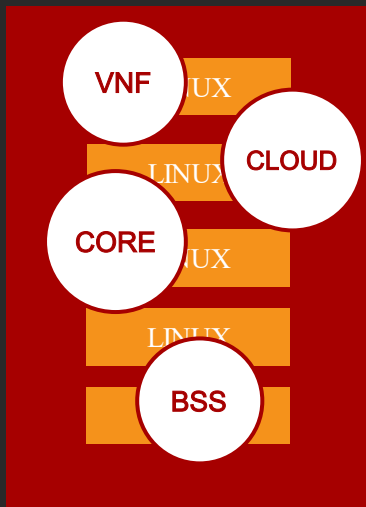
 **Red Hat**
Ansible Automation
Platform

The Future Is Open Platforms

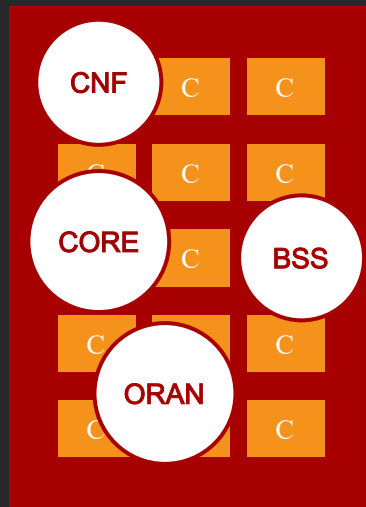
 **Red Hat**
Enterprise
Linux



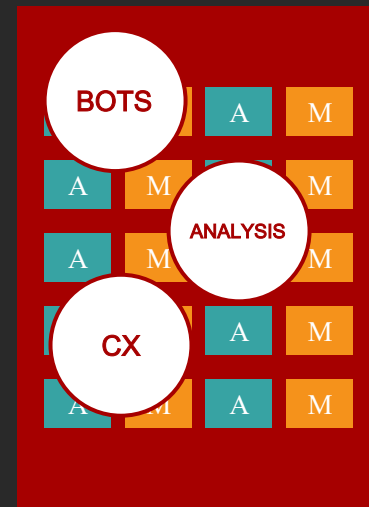
 **Red Hat**
OpenStack
Platform



 **Red Hat**
OpenShift



 **Red Hat**
OpenShift AI



DEVOPS

 **Red Hat**
Ansible Automation
Platform

ZTP



2DEGREES
ADVA
AIRTEL
AKAMAI
AMERICA MOVIL
AT&T
AXIATA
BSC
BT GROUP
CENTURYLINK
CHARTER
CHINA TELECOM
CHINA MOBILE
CK HUTCHISON
COMCAST
DEUTSCHE TELECOM
DIGICEL
ETISALAT

GLOBE
KDDI
KT
LG+
NAVER
NTT
ONE NZ
OPTUS
ORANGE
PACIFIC CENTURY
RAI
RAKUTEN
RELIANCE JIO
ROGERS
STC
SINGTEL
SMARTFREN
SOFTBANK

SPARK
STARHUB
SWISSCOM
TELECOM ITALIA
TELEFONICA
TELEKOM
MALAYSIA
TELENOR
TELKOMSEL
TELSTRA
TPG
TRUE
TURKCELL
VERIZON
VIVENDI
VNPT
VOCUS
VODAFONE

A hand is shown on the left side of the frame, reaching out towards a glowing digital sphere. The sphere is composed of numerous thin, colorful lines (blue, green, yellow, red) that swirl and radiate outwards, creating a sense of motion and energy. The background is dark with scattered bokeh lights in various colors. The overall mood is futuristic and celebratory.

THANK YOU

Andrew McGee
Senior Director
Telco Center of Excellence

